Teller County, Colorado

Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

December 31, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Victor Victor, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Victor, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Victor's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Victor, Colorado, as of December 31, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other-Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Victor's financial statements as a whole. The state compliance section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The state compliance schedule, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Co

July 8, 2019

This section of the annual financial report offers readers of the City of Victor's (City) financial statements an analysis of the City's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the City's financial statements which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Assets exceeded liabilities by \$15.2 million at the close of 2018. Of the City's total assets, 83% consisted of capital assets and 16% consisted of cash and investments. Of the City's total liabilities, 73% consisted of accounts payable to vendors.
- Total net position increased by \$1.8 million, or 13%, from 2017. The increase in net position is primarily due to the additions to capital assets and decrease in noncurrent liablilities. Of the City's total net position at the close of 2018, (i) \$12.8 million, or 84%, represents the City's investment in capital assets net of debts that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, (ii) \$41 thousand, or .3%, represents restricted funds related to conservation trust and emergencies, and (iii) \$2.4 million, or 16%, represents unrestricted net position.
- At the close of 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$1.7 million. Of this amount: (i) \$41 thousand was restricted for emergencies (TABOR)
 and parks and recreation expenditures (conservation trust), (ii) \$1.4 million was committed
 for capital projects, (iii) \$31 thousand was assigned for Main Street projects and the Fire
 Department's discretionary expenditures, and (iv) \$308 thousand was unassigned and
 available for general government expenditures.
- At the close of 2018, the Utility Enterprise Fund had net investment in capital assets totaling \$5.5 million and unrestricted net position totaling \$675 thousand.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, and the difference is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report City activities in two categories – governmental activities and business-type activities. Both of the government-wide financial statements identify functions of the City that are principally to be supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the City include most of the basic services such as general government, public safety, public works, community development and parks and recreation. The basic government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The *funds* of the City include both governmental funds and a proprietary fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. These two funds are considered to be major funds.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance with the State's Budget Law. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4 – 5 of this report.

Proprietary fund. The City maintains one proprietary fund. A proprietary fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses a proprietary fund, called the Utility Enterprise Fund, to account for its water and waste water operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 13 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements, as well as the proprietary fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 25 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided in this section for the Capital Projects Fund and the Proprietary Fund to demonstrate compliance with the State's Budget Law. The budget schedules are found after the notes to the financial statements on pages 26 – 28 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes a State compliance report on pages 29 and 30.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net position increased from December 31, 2017 by \$1.8 million, a 13% increase.

Net Position - Governmental Activities

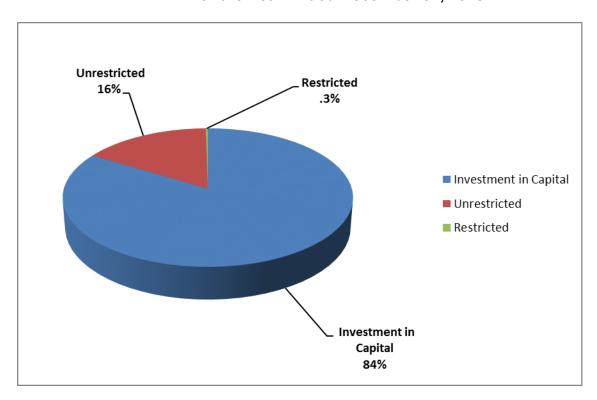
	2018	2017
Current assets	\$ 1,956,383	\$ 2,181,695
Capital assets	7,357,097	6,086,383
Total assets	9,313,480	8,268,078
Noncurrent liabilities	152,043	238,647
Total liabilities	152,043	238,647
Property tax revenues	63,005	59,594
Total deferred inflows of resources	63,005	59,594
Net investment in capital assets	7,293,214	6,086,386
Restricted net position	40,784	40,961
Unrestricted net position	1,764,434	1,842,683
Total net position	\$ 9,098,432	\$ 7,970,030

Net Position - Business-Type Activities

	2018	
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 731,619 5,457,856	\$ 508,373 5,000,416
Total assets	6,189,475	5,508,789
Current liabilities	37,296	27,472
Noncurrent liabilities	19,454	14,274
Total liabilities	56,750	41,746
Net investment in capital assets	5,457,846	5,000,416
Restricted net position	-	-
Unrestricted net position	674,869	466,627
Total net position	\$ 6,132,715	\$ 5,467,043

City of Victor

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018



The largest portion of the City's net position (84%) reflects its net investment in capital assets. The City utilizes these capital assets to provide services to citizens. These assets are not available for future spending.

Approximately .3% of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they can be used (e.g., emergency reserve) and are not currently available for the City's ongoing obligations.

Approximately 16% of the City's net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's future expenditures.

At the end of 2018, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

	2018		2017	
Revenues				
Program revenues:	_			
Charges for services	\$	14,573	\$	18,544
Operating grants and contributions		363,332		380,649
Capital grants and contributions		1,171,081		393,317
General revenues				
Taxes		116,980		118,086
Franchise fees		19,878		21,047
Net investment income		31,476		17,040
Other revenues and transfers in		1,427,745		1,185,511
Total revenues		3,145,065		2,134,194
Expenses			-	
General government		449,257		184,790
Public safety		374,038		390,380
Public works		222,573		252,794
Community development		131,633		395,202
Parks and recreation		50,681		52,110
Transfer of capital assets		788,481		226,559
Total expenses		2,016,663		1,501,835
Change in Net Position	\$	1,128,402	\$	632,359
Change in Net Position - Busines	e-Tvn	a Activitias		
Onange in Net i Osition - Busines	3-1 yp	2018		2017
Revenues		2010		2017
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,240,124	\$	2,125,720
Capital grants and contributions		34,610		34,551
General revenues				
Other revenues/(expenses)		2,655		1,707
Transfer of capital assets		788,481		226,559
Total revenues		3,065,870		2,388,537
Expenses				
Water and wastewater operations		1,050,188		995,191
Long-term debt interest and related costs		-		11,799
Transfers out and other expenses		1,350,000		1,104,500
Total expenses		2,400,188		2,111,490
Change in Net Position	\$	665,682	\$	277,047
•	÷		<u></u>	

All capital grants and contributions received by the City were recorded in the Capital Projects Fund. Since the Capital Projects Fund, a governmental fund, is used to account for all capital projects, transfers are recorded between the Capital Projects Fund and other funds, which are included as part of the *Transfers out and other expenses* above. The capital assets acquired within the governmental fund were then transferred to the proprietary fund which is reflected above as *Transfer of capital assets*.

Financial Analysis of City's Funds

General Fund

The General Fund was established and is continually funded to provide for the daily activities of the City. The primary funding sources for the General Fund are property and sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues and grants. The primary projects or program efforts for 2018 were public safety, public works and general government.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's budget is prepared in accordance with the Colorado Budget Law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The actual total expenditure for the year was \$127,949 less than the budget.

Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution (TABOR) requires the City to maintain an emergency reserve equivalent to at least 3% of fiscal year spending. At December 31, 2018, the City's emergency reserve amounted to \$28 thousand.

Capital Assets

The City added \$2.3 million to its capital assets for governmental activities and business- type activities during calendar year 2018. This investment in capital assets during 2018 primarily consisted of drainage improvements, recreation improvements, infrastructure, and other projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 22 and 23 of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of 2018 the City held no debt.

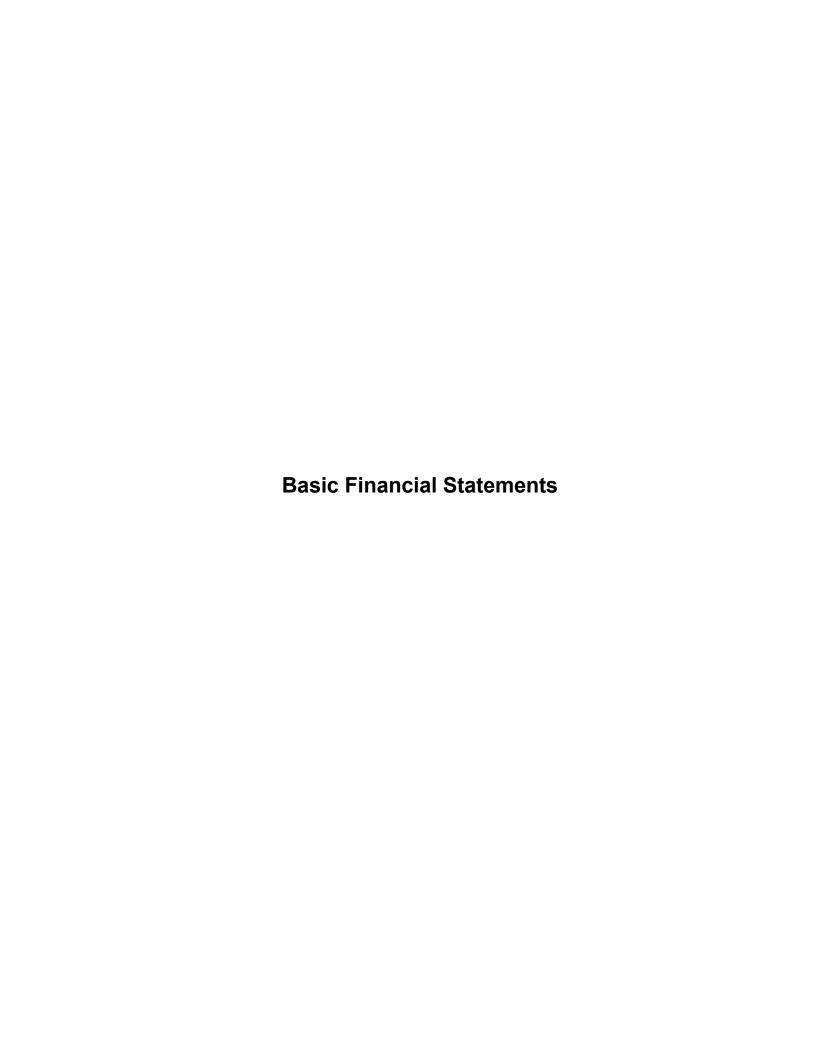
Next Year's Budgets

The 2019 budget reflects the Council's endeavor for a fiscally responsible budget built on conservative revenue projections, necessary and discretionary expenditure levels, and required and reasonable reserves.

The City has appropriated \$3.88 million for spending in 2019. Of this amount, \$987 thousand is budgeted for spending in the General Fund, \$1.8 million is budgeted in the Utility Enterprise Fund for the operations of water and wastewater systems, and \$1.1 million is budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Victor's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Clerk and Treasurer at: City of Victor, PO Box 86, 500 Victor Avenue, Victor, CO 80860.



City of Victor Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	PR	IMARY GOVERNME	NT
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE	
400570	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS	Ф. 4.004.7E0	Ф БОБ ОО 4	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Cash and investments	\$ 1,821,756	\$ 535,301	\$ 2,357,057
Cash and investments - Restricted	59,213	-	59,213
Receivables:		2.005	2.025
From other governments	- 62.00E	3,925	3,925 63,005
Property taxes	63,005	192,393	192,393
Utility fees Other	12,409	192,393	12,409
Capital assets, not being depreciated	202,349	- 151,120	353,469
Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	7,154,748	5,306,733	12,461,481
•			
TOTAL ASSETS	9,313,480	6,189,472	15,502,952
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	51,257	37,296	88,553
Retainage payable	63,883	-	63,883
Deposits	30,653	- 	30,653
Compensated absences	6,250	19,454	25,704
TOTAL LIABILITIES	152,043	56,750	208,793
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes revenue	63,005	-	63,005
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	63,005		63,005
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	7,293,214	5,457,853	12,751,067
Restricted for:	1,200,217	0,407,000	12,701,007
Emergencies	28,000	_	28,000
Conservation Trust	12,784	_	12,784
Unrestricted	1,764,434	674,869	2,439,303
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 9,098,432	\$ 6,132,722	\$ 15,231,154
TOTAL NET POSITION	φ 9,090, 4 32	$\varphi = 0, 132, 122$	φ 13,231,134

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		P	ROGRAM REVENUE OPERATING	S CAPITAL	NET (EXPENSE) REV	ENUE AND CHANG	
FUNCTIONS / DDOCDAMS	EVDENCES	CHARGES FOR		GRANTS AND	GOVERNMENTAL		TOTAL
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	<u>TOTAL</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General Government	\$ 449,257	\$ 14,223	\$ 363,332	\$ -	\$ (71,702)	\$ -	\$ (71,702)
Public Safety	374,038	350	-	-	(373,688)	-	(373,688)
Public Works	222,573	-	-	1,171,081	948,508	-	948,508
Community Development	131,633	-	-	-	(131,633)	-	(131,633)
Parks and Recreation	50,681	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	(50,681)	<u>-</u>	(50,681)
Total Governmental Activities	1,228,182	14,573	363,332	1,171,081	320,804		320,804
Business-Type Activities:							
Water and Wastewater Operations	1,050,187	2,240,124	-	34,610	-	1,224,547	1,224,547
Total Business-Type Activities	1,050,187	2,240,124		34,610		1,224,547	1,224,547
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,278,369	\$ 2,254,697	\$ 363,332	\$ 1,205,691	\$ 320,804	\$ 1,224,547	\$ 1,545,351
Total Filliary Government	\$ 2,276,309	φ 2,254,091	<u>φ 303,332</u>	φ 1,203,091	φ 320,804	φ 1,224,541	φ 1,545,551
			General Revenu	ies:			
			Taxes		116,980	-	116,980
			Franchise Fee	S	19,878	-	19,878
			Net Investmen		31,476	-	31,476
			Other Revenue	es (Expenses)	77,745	2,651	80,396
			Transfers		1,350,000	(1,350,000)	-
			Transfer of Ca	pital Assets	(788,481)	788,481	-
			Total Genera	al Revenues	807,598	(558,868)	248,730
			Change in N	let Position	1,128,402	665,679	1,794,081
			Net Position Beg	ginning	7,970,030	5,467,043	13,437,073
			Net Position End	ding	\$ 9,098,432	\$ 6,132,722	\$ 15,231,154

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

ASSETS	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments Cash and investments - restricted Receivables:	\$ 383,083 59,213	\$ 1,438,673 -	\$ 1,821,756 59,213
Property taxes Other	63,005 12,409	- 	63,005 12,409
Total Assets	\$ 517,710	\$ 1,438,673	\$ 1,956,383
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND F	UND BALANCES		
Accounts Payable	44,571	6,686	51,257
Deposits Retainage Payable	30,653 	63,883	30,653 63,883
Total Liabilities	75,224	70,569	145,793
DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes revenues	63,005	_	63,005
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	63,005		63,005
FUND BALANCES Restricted:			
Emergencies	\$ 28,000	\$ -	\$ 28,000
Conservation Trust Funds Committed:	12,784	-	12,784
Capital projects	-	1,368,104	1,368,104
Assigned:	00.040		00.040
Public safety - Fire Department Discretionary Fund DREAM Discretionary Fund	20,049 10,604	-	20,049 10,604
Unassigned: General government	308,044		308,044
Total Fund Balances	379,481	1,368,104	1,747,585
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 517,710	\$ 1,438,673	\$ 1,956,383

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities December 31, 2018

Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,098,432
are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	 (6,250)
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	202,349 7,154,748
The following amounts reported for governmental activities are not current	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,747,585

City of Victor Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 116,980	\$ -	\$ 116,980	
Franchise fees	19,878	-	19,878	
Intergovernmental	36,801	-	36,801	
Licenses, fees and charges	14,223	-	14,223	
Fines and forfeitures	350	-	350	
Administrative grants	363,332	-	363,332	
Other revenue	40,944	-	40,944	
Net investment income	464	31,012	31,476	
Capital grants	-	1,171,081	1,171,081	
TOTAL REVENUES	592,972	1,202,093	1,795,065	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Legislative	87,224	-	87,224	
Administrative	154,114	-	154,114	
Facility maintenance	29,827	-	29,827	
Revitalization and marketing	73,573	-	73,573	
Police department	299,748	-	299,748	
Fire department	40,017	-	40,017	
Community development and planning	13,051	-	13,051	
Public works	153,196	-	153,196	
Parks and cemetery	50,681	-	50,681	
Capital outlay	-	2,385,943	2,385,943	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	901,431	2,385,943	3,287,374	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(308,459)	(1,183,850)	(1,492,309)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfer in Operating transfer out	300,000 (4,400)	1,054,400	1,354,400 (4,400)	
Speciality transfer out	(+,+00)		(4,400)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,859)	(129,450)	(142,309)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	392,340	1,497,554	1,889,894	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 379,481</u>	\$ 1,368,104	\$ 1,747,585	

City of VictorReconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (142,309)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital assets of \$1,478,880 exceeded depreciation of \$208,169 in the current year.

1,270,711

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 1,128,402

City of Victor General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

VARIANCE WITH

	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Revenues				<u>·</u>
Taxes:				
Property tax	59,594	59,594	52,457	(7,137)
Sales tax	42,400	42,400	57,238	14,838
Specific ownership tax	6,000	6,000	7,285	1,285
	107,994	107,994	116,980	8,986
Franchise fees:				
Franchise - Electric	15,500	15,500	14,545	(955)
Franchise - TV/Telephone	135	135	204	69
Franchise - Natural gas	6,200	6,200	5,129	(1,071)
, and the second	21,835	21,835	19,878	(1,957)
Intergovernmental:				
Cigarette tax	_	_	182	182
Mineral severance tax	9,000	9,000	5,656	(3,344)
Highway Users Tax (HUTF)	18,905	18,905	23,684	4,779
Conservation Trust entitlement	-	-	4,222	4,222
Motor vehicle	1,950	1,950	2,273	323
Road and bridge shareback	900	900	784	(116)
-	30,755	30,755	36,801	6,046
Licenses, Fees and Charges:				
Business, liquor and other licenses	2,725	2,725	5,027	2,302
Building permit and service fees	11,000	11,000	9,196	(1,804)
	13,725	13,725	14,223	498
Fines and Forfeitures:				
Police department/court fees and fines	100	100	350	250
·	100	100	350	250
Administrative Grants:				
State grants	263,662	263,662	288,332	24,670
Other grants/contributions	100,000	100,000	75,000	(25,000)
-	363,662	363,662	363,332	(330)
Other Revenues:				
Donations and contributions	-	-	10,000	10,000
Fees for use of public facilities	600	600	1,500	900
Leases	12,000	12,000	11,603	(397)
Sale of surplus property	1,000	1,000	10,848	9,848
Other income	500	500	6,993	6,493
	14,100	14,100	40,944	26,844
Net Investment Income:				
Net investment income	400	400	464	64
	400	400	464	64
Total Revenues	552,571	552,571	592,972	40,401

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

VARIANCE WITH

				VARIANCE WITH
				FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Expenditures				
Legislative:				
City Council stipend	26,819	26,819	26,434	385
Donations to other organizations/projects	60,600	60,600	56,987	3,613
Dues and memberships	525	525	513	12
Travel and training	3,000	3,000	338	2,662
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	2,952	48
	93,944	93,944	87,224	6,720
				
Administrative:				
Salaries and benefits	94,388	94,388	79,444	14,944
Dues and memberships	685	685	850	(165)
Travel and training	6,000	6,000	3,725	2,275
Audit and accounting	4,500	4,500	4,267	233
County Treasurer's fees	1,788	1,788	1,321	467
Insurance	5,098	5,098	5,288	(190)
Legal	18,000	18,000	18,350	(350)
Legal services - Court	-	-	14,847	(14,847)
Magistrate	6,000	6,000	6,000	-
Election	-	-	1,535	(1,535)
Office supplies	3,000	3,000	4,100	(1,100)
Other professional services	3,000	3,000	1,824	1,176
Photocopy	3,400	3,400	2,329	1,071
Publication and publishing	2,200	2,200	2,075	125
Technical support	3,600	3,600	3,331	269
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	4,828	172
	156,659	156,659	154,114	2,545
- W				
Facility Maintenance:				
Maintenance - City Hall	9,000	9,000	7,669	1,331
Utilities - City Hall	17,250	17,250	16,028	1,222
Maintenance - Community Center (VICCI)	2,500	2,500	1,284	1,216
Utilities - Community Center (VICCI)	3,800	3,800	2,662	1,138
Maintenance - Agricultural and Mining Museum	1,000	1,000	(27)	1,027
Fixture/Equipment Maintenance	1,000	1,000	2,211	(1,211)
	34,550	34,550	29,827	4,723
Revitalization and Marketing:				
Salaries and benefits	30,049	20.040	17 500	10 507
	10,000	30,049 10,000	17,522 14,487	12,527 (4,487)
Advertising		5,000	,	, ,
City sponsored events	5,000 1,600	1,600	15,077 1,075	(10,077) 525
Dues and memberships				
Revitalization projects and programs Utilities	20,000 750	20,000 750	15,779 583	4,221 167
				901
Travel and training	8,000	8,000	7,099 1,706	
Minor equipment	1,200 300	1,200 300	1,700	(506) 105
Office supplies Miscellaneous	600	600		
Miscellarieous			50	550
	77,499	77,499	73,573	3,926
Police Department:				
PD Operating	790	790	574	216
Animal control	225	225	183	42
Contract services	287,408	287,408	287,208	200
Vehicle Maint/Repair/Oil	1,500	1,500	201,200	1,500
Utilities	11,225	11,225	5,890	5,335
Vehicle fuel	5,000	5,000	5,893	(893)
Miscellaneous	100	100	3,083	100
macellalicous			200 740	
	306,248	306,248	299,748	6,500

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET BUDGETED AMOUNTS POSITIVE ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL (NEGATIVE) Fire Department: Fire Chief stipend 11,009 11,009 12,813 (1,804)500 250 250 Dues and memberships 500 1,416 1,416 1,436 Insurance (20)Travel and training 2,500 2,500 3,120 (620)Equipment maintenance, repair, oil and fuel 3.800 3.800 3.986 (186)Building facility maintenance 5.000 5.000 955 4.045 Fixture and equipment maintenance 3,000 3,000 896 2,104 Minor equipment 6,000 6,000 7,115 (1,115)Radios and maintenance 1,000 1,000 1,000 Technical support 2,200 2,200 1,960 240 5,700 5,700 4,294 1,406 Utilities Volunteer bonus program 2,500 2,500 2,530 (30)688 Miscellaneous 1,350 1,350 662 45,975 45,975 40,017 5,958 Community Development and Planning: Building code administration and enforcement 9,000 9,000 9,096 (96)Dangerous building abatement 18,000 18,000 2,554 15,446 Legal services 2,000 2,000 1,014 986 Miscellaneous 500 500 387 113 29,500 29,500 13,051 16,449 Public Works: Salaries and benefits 95,670 95,670 79,751 15.919 Travel and training 1,500 1,500 192 1,308 7,080 Insurance 7,080 7,210 (130)Equipment maintenance, repair, oil and fuel 22,200 22,200 16,773 5,427 Building facility maintenance 5,000 5,000 4,307 693 5,284 Fixture maintenance 8.000 8,000 2,716 Road and sidewalk maintenance 40,000 40,000 2,303 37,697 4,050 Supplies 4,050 6,966 (2,916)Professional services 5,000 5,000 5,000 500 500 150 350 Technical support 4,000 4,000 Tools and equipment 5,047 (1,047)Utilities 31,700 31,700 24,798 6,902 Miscellaneous 3,500 3,500 2,983 517 75,004 228,200 228,200 153,196 Parks and Cemetery: Salaries and benefits 25,135 25,135 33,014 (7,879)1,000 1,000 726 Cemetery maintenance 274 500 500 500 Equipment maintenance, repair, oil and fuel Minor equipment 4,000 4,000 2.258 1.742 17,500 4,785 17.500 12.715 Parks maintenance Sanitation services 2,070 2,070 1,825 245 Supplies 1,200 1,200 1,489 (289)Utilities 4,800 4,800 6,421 (1,621)Miscellaneous 600 600 615 (15)56,805 56,805 50,681 6,124 **Total Expenditures** 1,029,380 1,029,380 901,431 127,949 **Excess Revenues over**

(476,809)

(476,809)

(308,459)

168,350

(under) Expenditures

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers from other funds	460,000	460,000	300,000	(160,000)
Transfers to other funds		-	(4,400)	(4,400)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,809)	(16,809)	(12,859)	3,950
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	316,378	316,378	392,340	75,962
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 299,569	\$ 299,569	\$ 379,481	\$ 79,912

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Assets	Utility Enterprise Fund
Cash and investments	\$ 535,301
Utility fees receivable	192,393
Other receivables	3,925
Capital assets, not being depreciated	151,120
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	5,306,733
Total Assets	6,189,472
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	37,296
Compensated absences	19,454
Total Liabilities	56,750
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,457,853
Unrestricted	674,869
Total Net Position	\$ 6,132,722

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Utility Enterprise Fund
Operating Revenues	
Raw water sales	\$ 1,777,740
Raw water miscellaneous sales	167,288
Raw water wheeling and storage fees	42,251
Treated water sales - Residential	69,588
Treated water sales - Commercial	13,122
Wastewater sales - Residential	117,325
Wastewater sales - Commercial	26,257
Liquid waste disposal fees	26,553
Total Operating Revenues	2,240,124
Operating Expenses	
General and administration	6,252
Operations:	
Raw water	175,038
Treated water	276,347
Wastewater	261,506
Depreciation	331,044
Total Operating Expenses	1,050,187
Income (Loss) From Operations	1,189,937
Other Income (Expenses)	
Treated water - Capital replacement fees	21,562
Wastewater - Capital replacement fees	13,048
Other	2,651
Capital assets transferred from Governmental Funds	788,481
Total Other Income (Expenses)	825,742
Net Income Before Transfers	2,015,679
Transfers In (Out)	(1,350,000)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	665,679
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,467,043
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,132,722

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Cash received from customers and other sources	\$ 2,236,251
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	(371,361) (332,778)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	1,532,112
Net out it for operating Activities	1,002,112
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVIES:	
Interest income	2,655
Net Cash From Investing Activities	2,655
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Transfers in (out)	(1,350,000)
Net Cash From Non-Capital Financing Activities	(1,350,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Fees	32,532
Net Cash From Capital and Financing Activities	32,532
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	217,299
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning of Year	318,002
End of Year	\$ 535,301
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
From Operating Activities	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,189,937
Adjustments to reconcile operationg income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	
Depreciation	331,044
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net	(3,873)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	9,824
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	5,180
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$ 1,532,112

City of Victor Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2018

1. Definition of Reporting Entity

The City was founded in 1893. It operates under a Mayor/Council statutory form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works (highway and streets), water, sewer, parks and recreation, cemetery, community development (including planning, building and zoning), downtown revitalization and general government.

The City follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The more significant accounting policies of the City are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the primary government and its component units. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of the City is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for property, equipment and infrastructure are shown as increases in assets, while the redemption of bonds and/or payment of debts (principal portion) are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within a reasonable period (typically within 60 days) following the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are taxes and intergovernmental revenues. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements and equipment.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Utility Enterprise Fund accounts for activities related to the offering of water and wastewater services to the City's residents and certain outside users.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the City Council holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year end. The City Council can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize interest earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Investments are carried at fair value.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Tap fees, water and sewer fees and other similar fees constitute a perpetual lien on or against the property served until paid. Such fees, when uncollectible, can be certified to the County Treasurer and attach to the tax rolls. Therefore, no provision for doubtful accounts has been provided in the financial statements.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the City Council. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by Teller County Assessor generally as of January of each year. The levy is set no later than December 15 by certifications to the Teller County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the property as of January 1 of the following year. Teller County bills and collects taxes for the City. At the option of the taxpayer, property taxes may be paid either in full on April 30, or two installments on February 28 and June 15. The County remits the taxes collected to the City on a monthly basis. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are generally held in November or December.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year it is available and collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 30 - 50 years Machinery, equipment and computers 5 - 15 years Infrastructure 30 - 40 years

The City has elected to not retroactively report infrastructure.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the City are allowed to accumulate unused vacation time up to one year's accrual plus 40 hours. Upon termination of employment, an employee will be compensated for all eligible accrued vacation time at their current rate of pay. Vacation accrual is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Equity/Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements, fund equity is classified as net position. Net position may be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of
 any debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those
 assets. If there are significant unspent debt proceeds at year end, the portion of the debt
 attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in this component.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - The component of net position that does not meet the definition above.

In the governmental funds, fund balances should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because
 it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, City Council. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of City Council.
- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the
 government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor
 committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council to be used for a specific purpose.
 Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or
 modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any
 of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balances is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the City's practice to use the least restrictive classification first.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-typ <u>Activities</u>		
Statement of net position:					
Cash and investments	\$	1,821,756	\$	535,301	
Cash and investments - Restricted	_	59,213		<u> </u>	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	1,880,969	\$	535,301	

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, consist of the following:

		vernmental activities	siness-type ctivities
Cash on hand	\$	300	\$ -
Deposits with financial institutions		1,246,330	-
Investments		634,339	 535,301
Total cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	1,880,969	\$ <u>535,301</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

None of the City's deposits are subject to custodial risk since they are deposited in certified eligible public depositories under the PDPA.

As of December 31, 2018, the City's cash deposits for governmental and business-type activities had a bank balance totaling \$2,464,481 and a carrying balance totaling \$2,416,270.

Investments

The City has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the City follows state statutes regarding investments.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

The City generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the City is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the City Council. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities
 of the World Bank
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Certain certificates of participation
- Certain securities lending agreements
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- · Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2018, the City had investments totaling \$1,507,553 as follows:

Investment	Maturity	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type Activities
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust)	Weighted average under 60 days	<u>\$ 634,339</u>	<u>\$ 873,214</u>

COLOTRUST

The City invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records in investment in COLOTRUST using the net asset value method. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. The Trust is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

4. Interfund Transfers

The following schedule summarizes the City's interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018:

		Transfers In					
Transfers Out		General Fund	Capital Projects Fund				
Utility Enterprise Fund	\$	300,000	\$ 1,050,000				
General Fund		_	4,400				

The transfers from the Utility Enterprise Fund to the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund were made during 2018 pursuant to the policies adopted by the City Council which commits/allocates the net available revenue (after operating expenses) of the raw water operations within the Utility Enterprise Fund to certain operational expenditures (General Fund) and capital outlay (Capital Projects Fund).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

5. Capital Assets

Changes in governmental capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, follow:

	Balance December 31,				Conv	eyances or	De	Balance cember 31,
Governmental Activities		2017	Ad	Additions		ements	2018	
Capital assets, not being								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	185,360	\$	16,989	\$	-	\$	202,349
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		4,210,138	1	,417,690		-		5,627,828
Machinery, equipment and computers		1,443,260		44,200		-		1,487,460
Infrastructure		2,746,301		-		-		2,746,301
Total depreciable assets		8,399,699	1	,461,890		-		9,861,589
Total capital assets		8,585,059	_1	478,879		-		10,063,938
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,498,673)	(2	208,168)		_		(2,706,841)
Depreciable assets, net		5,901,026	1	,253,722		_		7,154,748
Governmental activities assets, net	\$	6,086,386	\$1	,270,711	\$		\$	7,357,097

	Governmental Activities
General government	\$ 104,518
Public safety	34,273
Public works	69,377
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 208,168</u>

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Changes in business-type capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2018, follow:

Business-Type Activities	_	Balance ember 31, 2017	Ac	Iditions		yances or ements		Balance cember 31, 2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	•	454.400	•		•		•	454 400
Land and water rights	\$	151,120	\$	-	\$	-	\$	151,120
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Machinery, equipment and computers		449,174		-		-		449,174
Infrastructure		1,078,793		-		-		1,078,793
Water plant and systems		3,332,680		788,481		-		4,121,161
Wastewater plant and systems		5,867,271	<u>-</u>		_		5,867,271	
Total depreciable assets	1	0,727,918		788,481		-		11,516,399
Total capital assets	1	0,879,038		788,481		-		11,667,519
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Total accumulated depreciation	(5	5,878,622)	(<u>331,044)</u>		-	((6,209,666)
Depreciable assets, net		4,849,296		457,437		-		5,306,733
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	5,000,416	\$	457,437	\$	-	\$	5,457,853
						E -		ness-Type Activities
Water						\$		65,543
Wastewater								265,501
Total depreciation expense						<u>\$</u>		331,044

6. Net Position

The City has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, capital leases and other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. As of December 31, 2018, the City had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

6. Net Position (continued)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			iness-type tivities
Capital assets, net	\$	7,357,097	\$	5,457,853
Retainage payable		(63,883)		<u>-</u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,293,214	\$	5,457,853

The restricted component of net position consist of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. As of December 31, 2018, the City had restricted net position as follows:

	Governmenta <u>Activities</u>	1 i
Restricted net position:		
Emergency reserve	\$ 28,000)
Conservation Trust	12,784	<u> </u>
	<u>\$ 40,78</u> 4	<u> </u>

As of December 31, 2018, the City's unrestricted net position totaled \$2,439,303.

7. Commitments, Contingencies and Economic Dependency

The City receives financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally require compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or Capital Projects Fund. However, in the opinion of the City, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the individual fund type or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2018.

The City has only one major employer within its City limits, the Cripple Creek & Victor Gold Mining Company, which accounts for a significant portion of the City's utility fees revenue.

8. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The City is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA). CIRSA is a joint self insurance pool created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property,

City of Victor, Colorado Notes to Financial Statements (continued) December 31, 2018

8. Risk Management (continued)

liability and workers' compensation coverage to its members. CIRSA is governed by a seven member Board elected by and from its members.

Coverage is provided through pooling of self-insured losses and the purchase of excess insurance coverage. CIRSA has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and that amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. CIRSA has indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs, although it is not legally required to do so.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

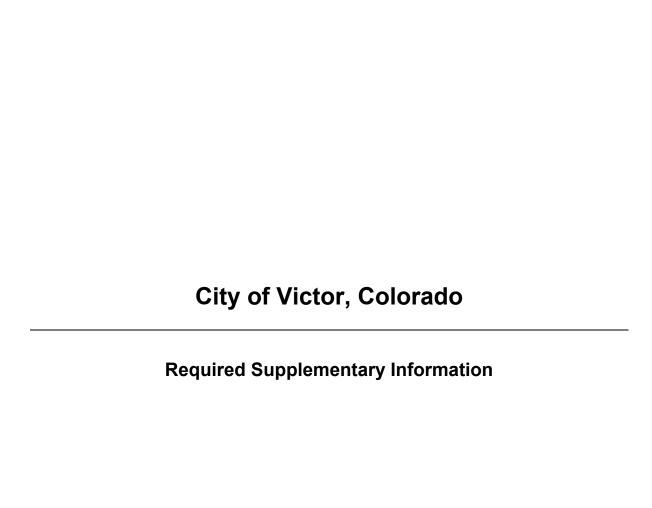
9. Tax, Spending, Revenue and Debt Limitations

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases. At December 31, 2018, the City has reserved \$28,000 for emergencies.

The City's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.



Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
Revenues					
Federal grants	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 665,000	\$ (35,000)	
State grants	458,523	458,523	503,523	45,000	
Other grants and contributions	=	-	2,558	2,558	
Net investment income	12,000	12,000	31,012	19,012	
Total Revenues	1,170,523	1,170,523	1,202,093	31,570	
Expenditures					
Land purchase	5,000	5,000	21,720	(16,720)	
Capital improvements - General	1,246,500	1,246,500	1,478,808	(232,308)	
Capital equipment - General	79,500	79,500	56,036	23,464	
Land - Raw water	=	-	174	(174)	
Capital improvements - Raw water	25,000	25,000	4,800	20,200	
Capital equipment - Raw water	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
Capital improvements - Treated water	650,000	650,000	818,813	(168,813)	
Capital equipment - Treated water	12,500	12,500	-	12,500	
Capital improvements - Wastewater	20,000	20,000	5,592	14,408	
Total Expenditures	2,043,500	2,043,500	2,385,943	(342,443)	
Excess of Revenues over					
(under) Expenditures	(872,977)	(872,977)	(1,183,850)	(310,873)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other funds	550,000	550,000	1,054,400	504,400	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(322,977)	(322,977)	(129,450)	193,527	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,375,857	1,375,857	1,497,554	121,697	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,052,880	\$ 1,052,880	\$ 1,368,104	\$ 315,224	

Utility Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	RUDGETE	O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Operating Revenues			71010712	(1120/11112)
Raw water sales	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,777,740	\$ 647,740
Raw water miscellaneous sales	167,288	167,288	167,288	· ,
Raw water wheeling and storage fees	25,000	25,000	42,251	17,251
Treated water sales - Residential	65,000	65,000	69,588	4,588
Treated water sales - Commercial	12,500	12,500	13,122	622
Wastewater sales - Residential	117,600	117,600	117,325	(275)
Wastewater sales - Commercial	24,000	24,000	26,257	2,257
Liquid waste disposal fees	30,000	30,000	26,553	(3,447)
Total Operating Revenues	1,571,388	1,571,388	2,240,124	668,736
Operating Expenses				
General and administration:				
Treated water - Salaries and benefits	178,214	178,214	169,155	9,059
Treated water - Dues and memberships	270	270	175	95
Treated water - Travel and training	1,000	1,000	255	745
Wastewater - Salaries and benefits	178,214	178,214	168,777	9,437
Wastewater - Dues and memberships	100	100	-	100
Wastewater - Travel and training	1,500	1,500	135	1,365
Audit and accounting	9,000	9,000	8,534	466
General engineering	6,000	6,000	-	6,000
Legal	2,000	2,000	78	1,922
Insurance	14,160	14,160	14,454	(294)
Other	5,000	5,000	3,926	1,074
Raw water:				
Legal and engineering services	20,000	20,000	6,252	13,748
Purchased water	167,288	167,288	169,372	(2,084)
Dam maintenance	10,000	10,000	5,666	4,334
Treated water:				
Collection and distribution lines repair	20,000	20,000	44,020	(24,020)
Equipment maintenance, repair, oil and fuel	7,333	7,333	6,897	436
Building facility maintenance	11,500	11,500	4,000	7,500
Fixture maintenance	10,000	10,000	4,267	5,733
Lab analysis and chemicals	12,500	12,500	10,092	2,408
Utilities	14,500	14,500	11,115	3,385
Equipment rentals and sanitation	1,400	1,400	1,110	290
Technical support	5,200	5,200	3,020	2,180
Tools and equipment	9,300	9,300	6,552	2,748
Permit fees	200	200	100	100
Miscellaneous/contingency	3,500	3,500	2,190	1,310

Utility Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Net Position—Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

(Continued)

	(Continued)	1		
				VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
Wastewater:				
Collection and distribution lines repair	35,000	35,000	4,564	30,436
Equipment maintenance, repair, oil and fuel	7,333	7,333	6,917	416
Building facility maintenance	2,000	2,000	2,356	(356)
Fixture maintenance	8,500	8,500	4,519	3,981
Lab analysis and chemicals	16,500	16,500	18,044	(1,544)
Sludge hauling	15,000	15,000	18,580	(3,580)
Utilities	12,400	12,400	11,863	537
Technical support	5,200	5,200	3,239	1,961
Tools and equipment	6,000	6,000	2,607	3,393
Permit fees	1,515	1,515	1,849	(334)
Miscellaneous/contingency	3,100	3,100	4,463	(1,363)
Total Operating Expenses	800,727	800,727	719,143	81,584
Other Income (Expenses)				
Treated water - Capital replacement fees	20,000	20,000	21,562	1,562
Wastewater - Capital replacement fees	12,500	12,500	13,048	548
Interest/Penalties/Fees	1,300	1,300	1,596	296
Other Income	1,000	1,000	1,055	55
Net Other Income (Expenses)	34,800	34,800	37,261	2,461
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	805,461	805,461	1,558,242	752,781
Transfers				
Transfers to other funds	(1,010,000)	(1,010,000)	(1,350,000)	(340,000)
Net Transfers	(1,010,000)	(1,010,000)	(1,350,000)	(340,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	\$ (204,539)	\$ (204,539)	208,242	<u>\$ 412,781</u>
Budget to GAAP-Basis Adjustments: Depreciation			(331,044)	
Capital assets transferred from Governmental Fu	unds		788,481	
Change in Net Position GAAP			\$ 665,679	

State Compliance Section

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

(Next Page)

STATE: Colorado VEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2018

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT ITEM		AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	0	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	
 Sales Taxes 		 c. Parking Garage Fees 	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
Specific Ownership &/or Other	7,285	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	7,285	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	7,285	i. Total (a. through h.)	C
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	23,684	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	2,273	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal - CDBG	700,000
f. Total (a. through e.)	2,273	g. Total (a. through f.)	700,000
4. Total $(1. + 2. + 3.f)$	25,957	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs		49,275	49,275
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities		1,293,498	1,293,498
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation			0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	1,293,498	1,293,498
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	1,342,773	1,342,773
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: